

File No PLC/822

February 2009

**NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME  
(NICNAS)**

**FULL PUBLIC REPORT**

**Polymer 10 in Autospeed Paint**

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. This legislation is an Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Full Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at 334-336 Illawarra Road, Marrickville NSW 2204.

This Full Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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**Director  
NICNAS**

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**FULL PUBLIC REPORT****Polymer 10 in Autospeed Paint****1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS**

## APPLICANT(S)

Orica Australia Pty Ltd (ABN 99 004 117 828)  
1 Nicholson Street  
MELBOURNE VIC 3000

## Trading as:

Dulux Powder & Industrial Coatings  
1956 Dandenong Road  
CLAYTON VIC 3168

## NOTIFICATION CATEGORY

Polymer of Low Concern

## EXEMPT INFORMATION (SECTION 75 OF THE ACT)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: Chemical name, Other name, Molecular and structural formulae, Molecular weight, Polymer constituents, Import volume.

## VARIATION OF DATA REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 24 OF THE ACT)

No variation to the schedule of data requirements is claimed.

## PREVIOUS NOTIFICATION IN AUSTRALIA BY APPLICANT(S)

None

## NOTIFICATION IN OTHER COUNTRIES

Japan, EU

**2. IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL**

## MARKETING NAME(S)

Polymer 10 in Autospeed Paint

## CAS NUMBER

None allocated

## MOLECULAR WEIGHT (MW)

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) >1000 Da

## REACTIVE FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

The notified polymer contains only low concern functional groups.

**3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION***Criterion*

Molecular Weight Requirements  
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements  
Low Charge Density  
Approved Elements Only  
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use

*Criterion met*

Yes  
Yes  
Yes  
Yes  
Yes

Not Water Absorbing Yes  
 Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

#### 4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa: Opaque yellow resin  
 Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp -20°C  
 Density 1050 kg/m<sup>3</sup> at 20°C  
 Water Solubility The notifier has indicated that the solubility is less than 0.1% (1000 mg/L) based on visual observation. The notified polymer is expected to have low water solubility (in the low mg/L range) due to the predominance of hydrophobic groups.  
 Dissociation Constant The notified polymer may contain limited carboxylic acid functionality with typical acidity.  
 Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions.  
 Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use.

#### 5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

##### MAXIMUM INTRODUCTION VOLUME OF NOTIFIED CHEMICAL (100%) OVER NEXT 5 YEARS

<i>Year</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>
Tonnes	0.1 - 0.2	0.1 - 0.4	0.2 - 0.6	0.3 - 1.0	0.3 - 1.3

##### Use

Spray painters and smash repair companies will use the notified polymer as a component of automotive paints at a concentration < 5%.

##### Mode of Introduction and Disposal

Imported by ship into Melbourne as a component of finished paint at a concentration of < 5%.

#### 6. HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

##### Hazard Characterisation

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and can therefore be considered to be of low hazard.

##### Occupational Health and Safety Risk Assessment

Spray painters may experience dermal, respiratory and eye contact with the paint containing < 5% notified polymer. The level of exposure will vary depending on the engineering controls used, i.e. ventilated spray booths and the use of PPE. After application and once dried, the paint containing the notified polymer is cured into an inert matrix and the polymer is unavailable for exposure. Although exposure to the notified polymer could occur during spray painting of car parts, the risk to workers is considered to be low due to the intrinsic low hazard of the notified polymer.

##### Public Health Risk Assessment

The notified polymer will only be used by professional spray painters in auto repair workshops and automotive manufacturing plants and public exposure to the notified polymer is not expected. Following application to automobile surfaces, the notified polymer will become trapped within a film and will not be bioavailable. Exposure of the public to the notified polymer is negligible and the risk is considered very low.

#### 7. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

##### Hazard Characterisation

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. PLCs without significant ionic functionality are of low concern to the aquatic environment.

### **Environmental Risk Assessment**

Environmental exposure from the use of the notified polymer in automotive paints will be limited by the engineering controls in place. Spills will be contained and collected before consignment to a licensed waste disposal centre, while empty import drums will be sent to drum reconditioners. Wastes from spray painting (up to 50% of the imported quantity) will be collected and hardened before disposal in secure landfill as inert solids. The notified polymer will be bound within an inert paint matrix after spray painting. It may ultimately be sent to landfill in this form or destroyed during metals reclamation when automobiles are disposed of. Therefore, the notified polymer is not considered to pose a risk to the environment.

## **8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

### **Human health risk assessment**

Under the conditions of the occupational settings described, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to the health of workers.

When used in the proposed manner, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to public health.

### **Environmental risk assessment**

Based on the reported use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose a risk to the environment.

### **Recommendations**

#### **CONTROL MEASURES**

##### **Occupational Health and Safety**

- No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself, however, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.

##### **Disposal**

- The notified polymer should be disposed of by landfill.

##### **Emergency procedures**

- Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

## Regulatory Obligations

### *Secondary Notification*

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
  - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
  - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of automotive spray paint, or is likely to change significantly;
  - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
  - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
  - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

### *Material Safety Data Sheet*

The MSDS of the product containing the notified polymer provided by the notifier was reviewed by NICNAS. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.